### Bhiwandi Franchisee Model, research study By Prayas (Energy Group) Shantanu Dixit, Ashwini Chitnis

Before, The Planning Commission, September 29<sup>th</sup> 2009

## Agenda

- □ Introduction
  - Objectives
  - Study methodology and process
  - Introduction to Bhiwandi circle & Franchisee Scheme
- Consumer Feedback
- Post-Franchisee Performance
- **Review:** 
  - bidding process and contractual agreement
  - Invoice model
- Conclusions and recommendations

## Objectives

- Assessment of the benefits in terms of performance improvement
- □ Consumer feedback
- □ Review of the contractual arrangement
- Assessment of the replicability of the model and recommendations, if any, for improvement

## Study Methodology and process

- □ Methodology
  - Analysis of secondary data
  - Rapid field survey
  - Interactions with key stake-holders
- Study process
  - Draft findings shared with Key stake holders
    - Planning Commission 13<sup>th</sup> Jan 2009
    - Unions Feb 2009
    - □ MSEDCL 30<sup>th</sup> March 2009
    - □ MERC 17<sup>th</sup> April 2009
- Torrent, the franchisee in Bhiwandi did not participate in the study and did not share any data in spite of repeated requests

### Introduction

#### Bhiwandi circle

- □ Input energy ~2500 MU
- $\square$  Very high ATC losses (> 60%)
- □ Consumer mix: HT:LT ~ 30:70
  - Power loom constitutes more than 50% of LT mix
- Dilapidated n/w
  - Very high transformer failure rate
  - High incidence of accidents, frequent interruptions
  - Parallel, illegal dist n/w e.g. Tarapur line, Padghe line etc
  - Daily 7-8 hrs load shedding since last 8-10 years

## Input based Franchisee Model

- Duties & Responsibilities
   Duties & Responsibilities of Licensee
   Duties & Responsibilities
   Duties & Responsibilities
  - Supply power at Input Points
  - Carry out the meter reading jointly with DF on a monthly basis at input point.
  - Carry out capital works as per its "Minimum Investment Plan"

- Discharge all duties and responsibilities of the distribution licensee, such as:
- Metering, billing and revenue collection
- Repair and maintenance
- Capital expenditure
- Consumer service
- Maintain Consumer and billing database, etc
- Periodic reporting to MSEDCL as per DFA.
- Timely payment to MSEDCL

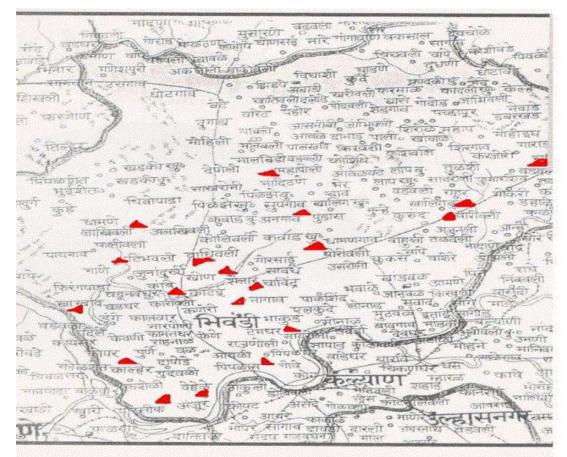
### Bhiwandi franchisee Process Overview

- Single stage bidding process
  - RFP published in March 2006
  - DFA signed in Dec 2006
  - Franchisee hand over to Torrent in Jan 2007
- **D** Bidding based up on input rate
  - NPV of 10 year quoted input rate (@ 6.2 % disc.
     Rate)
- Quoted input rate expected to factor in loss reduction

## Consumer Feedback

## Survey Methodology

#### Rapid Field Survey- knocking on the door



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### Consumer mix and Survey Environment

**\square** Sample size -204

	Circle (%)	Survey (%)
Residential	52	57
Power loom	30	24
Commercial	14	17
Others	4	1

Challenging and Difficult environment

- Highly politically sensitive and communal atmosphere
- □ High reluctance to talk on the subject and/or share bills

### Issues covered

- New Connection
- Metering and billing
- Quality of supply and safety
- Quality of service
- Other issues

### New Connection

	Yes	No	Don't know	NA
Getting new connection has become simpler?	46%	5%	34%	16%
New Connection for Disconnected Consumers?	23%	4%	55%	18%
Copies of regulations to New Consumers?	1%	46%	13%	40%

- □ Getting new connections has become simpler
- But even previously disconnected consumers are getting new connections (which is not allowed as per DFA unless arrears are recovered)

## Metering and billing

Question Asked	Yes	No	NA
Is Meter working ?	88%	3%	9%
Is your meter being read regularly ?	75%	11%	14%
Do you receive Bill regularly ?	60%	30%	9%
Any complaint about meter	38%	52%	9%
Is there improvement in metering and billing ?	46%	37%	17%

- ➤ Major improvement in metering & billing, but large number of consumer complaints about
  - → high bill
  - ➔ fast meter
  - Not receiving bills regularly

## Quality of Supply and Safety

	Improved	Declined	No change	Don't know	NR
Voltage Quality	78%	16%	0%	1%	4%
Transformer Failure rate	90%	0%	5%	1%	3%
Technical Faults (line breakdown etc.)	87%	1%	8%	0%	3%
Electric Accidents	80%	4%	5%	10%	1%
Quality of Supply	76%	11%	0%	6%	7%

- Significant improvement in the supply network and supply quality
- Significant reduction in use of illegal connections and alternative electric equipments (change over switches, 110V bulbs, out of market!)

### Other observations

- Atmosphere very charged and sensitive on electricity issues
- Around 80% consumers felt that paying tendency has increased (due to privatization, fear of disconnection and service improvement)
- 99 % respondents unaware about the Regulatory institutions, CGRF systems and regulations
- Inclination towards conserving electricity
  - Increase in CFL Penetration

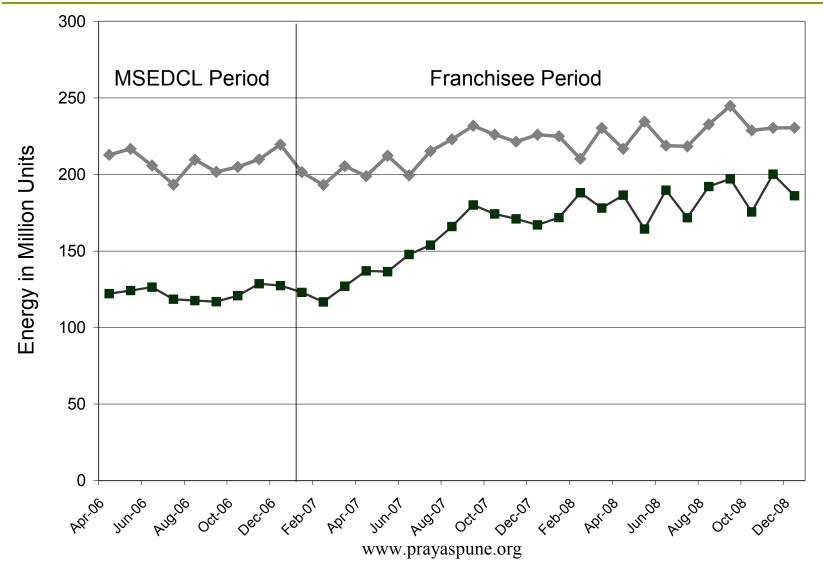
### Overall Survey feedback

- Improvement in supply and service quality
- Reduction in theft and corruption
- Reduction in load shedding hours and interruptions
- Improvement in safety of public and network

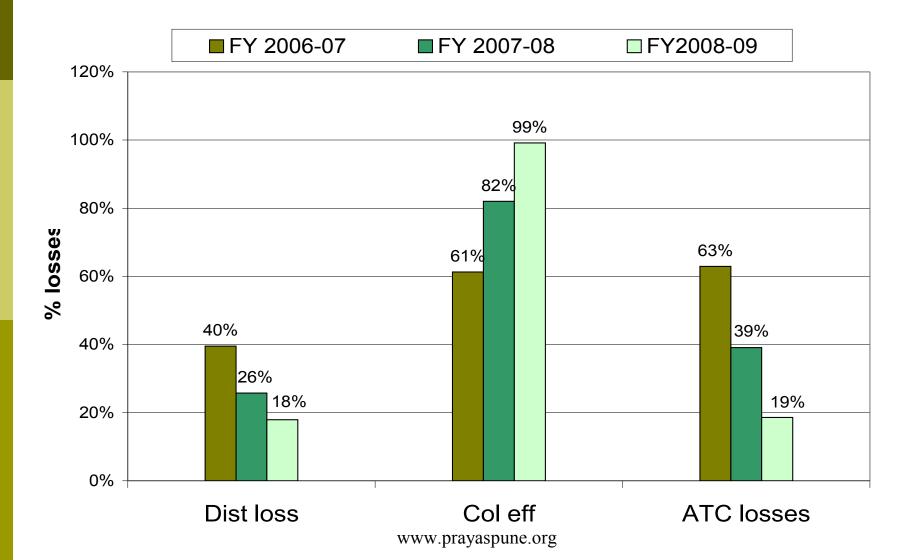
- Lack of consumer confidence in the utility's metering and billing practices
- strong perception of high bills and fast running meters
- Majority consumers are very poor – electricity bill amount is significant for large population
- cost of good quality supply might not be affordable for many consumers

## Post-Franchisee Performance

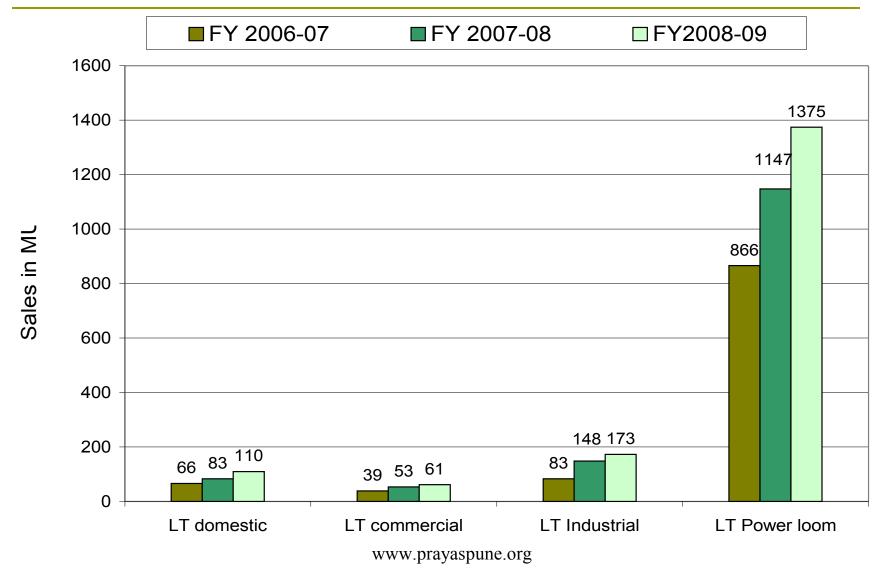
### Changes in sales from April 06 to Dec 08



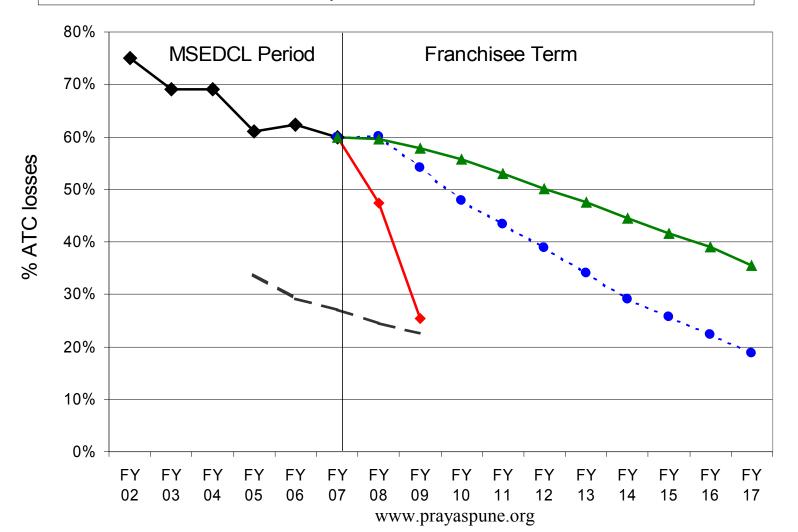
# Dist loss, collection efficiency from FY 07, FY 08 and FY 09



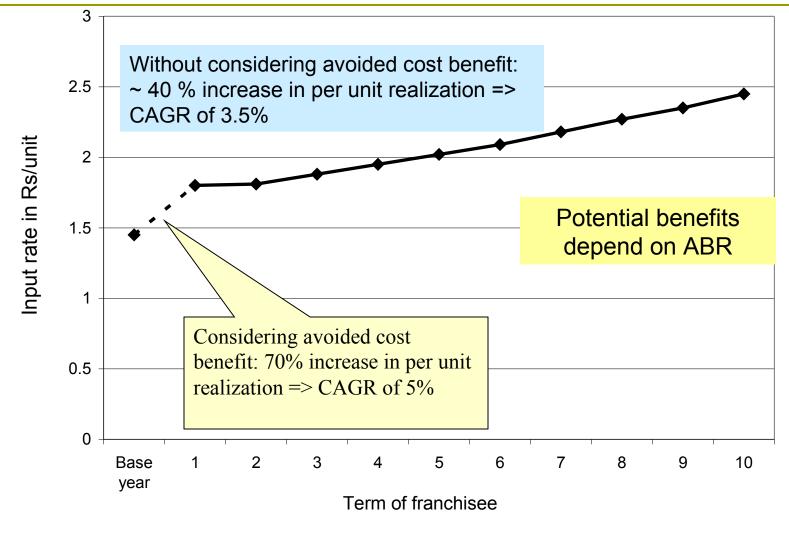
# Category wise LT sales for FY 07, FY 08 and FY 09



# ATC losses as bidding criteria and claimed performance by DF and MSEDCL (state level)



# Potential MSEDCL Benefit considering avoided cost



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### Post franchisee performance Revenue collection and sharing

Year	Subsidy	Collection	MSEDCL revenue	DF revenue
FY 06-07	233	272	505	NA
FY 07-08	236	414	490	160
FY 08-09	263	626	537	344

- MSEDCL revenue growth has been quiet moderate (1<sup>st</sup> yr 3% drop and 2<sup>nd</sup> yr. 7% rise)
- DF revenue doubled in two years
- Drop in avg. billing rate by 0.6 Rs./ unit, and avg. subsidy claim

## Review of bidding process and contractual agreement

### Bidding process Desirable features:

- Eligibility criteria ensures organized, large operators
  - Stock exchange listed company
  - 500 employees / 2 lakh retail customers
- Clear bidding parameter (input rate)
- ✓ Aggressive ATC reduction trajectory as base line
- ✓ ATC reduction trajectory
  - Expected 40 % points reduction in 10 Yrs.(60% 20%)
  - Highest / accepted bid offered a range of 26 % to 34% point reduction in 10 years
- Requirement of audit by 'big four'

### Lacunae in bidding process ..1 - Bhiwandi

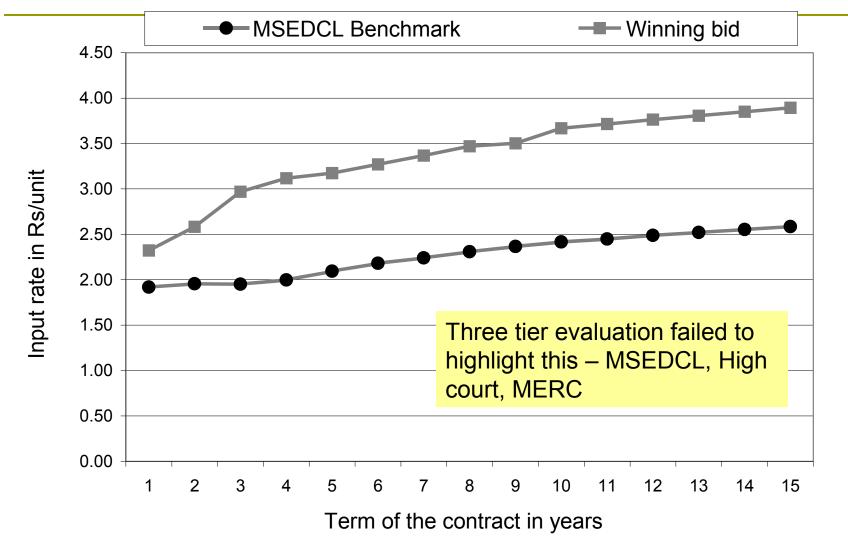
Non-transparent bidding process for Bhiwandi

- □ RFP published -March 2006,
- □ Letter of intent issued to TPL June 2006 and
- □ DFA signed December 2006

#### **DFA** Negotiated after selection of franchisee

- Some key provisions diluted without knowledge of all stake holders: examples
  - Profit / revenue sharing
  - Arrears recovery obligation

### Lacunae in bidding process ..2 - Nagpur



## Invoice model

#### DFA Payment structure

- DF payment to Licensee based on input energy
- Payment indexed to:
  - Fixed input rate as decided in the DFA
  - Tariff Indexing ratio = ABRn/ABRbase (ABR = Average billing rate)

Year	Annualized Input Rate (Rs per KWh)
1	1.8
2	1.81
3	1.88
4	1.95
5	2.02
6	2.09
7	2.18
8	2.27
9	2.35
10	2.45

MSEDCL Revenue broadly calculated as:

= (I/p energy \* Input rate (DFA) \* ABRn /ABRbase) – Subsidy

Revenue Sensitive to:

ABRn
Subsidy
Analysis of metering & billing data

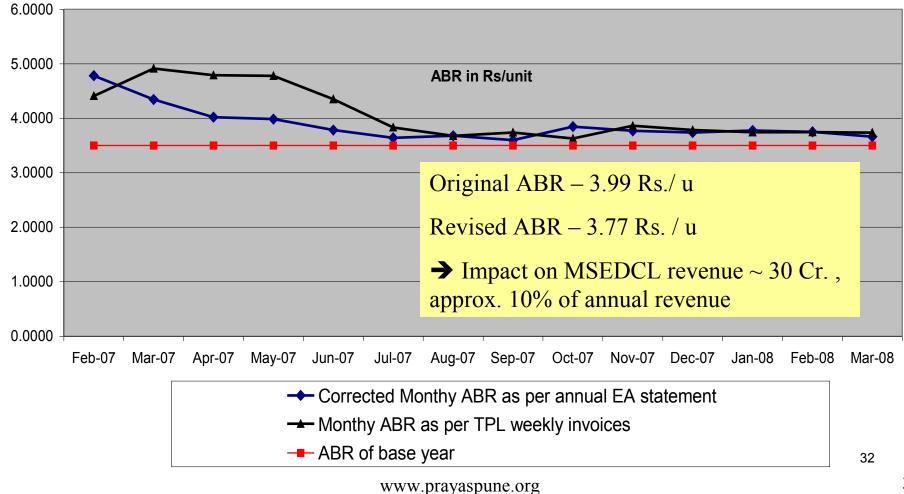
# Impact of ABR on Revenue of DF and Licensee

Input Energy	Input Rate	ABRn	ABRbase	Subsidy	Licensee's Revenue
100	1.8	3.95	3.5	40	163
100	1.8	3.75	3.5	40	153

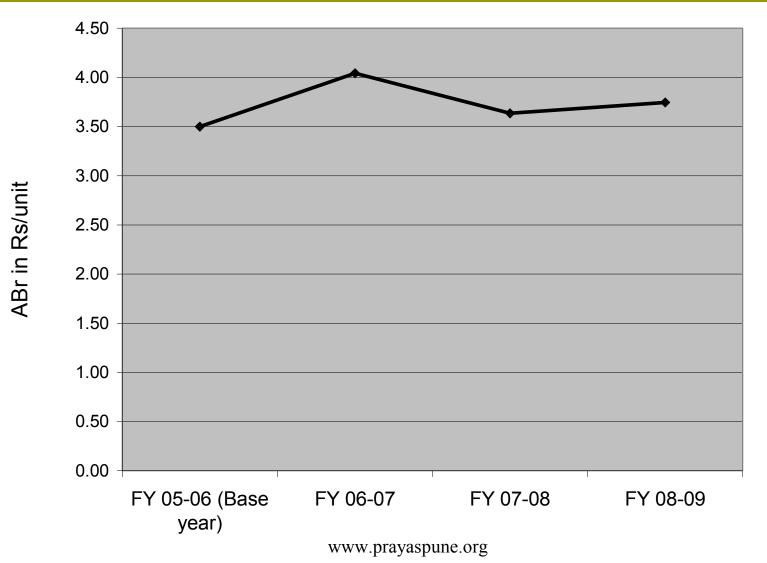
# Impact of subsidy on Revenue of DF and Licensee

F	Parameter	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3
I/P energy in units	5	10	10	10
Billed units		8	8	8.5
Col Eff		0.78	0.78	0.78
MERC Tariff in Re	s/unit	4	4	4
Con. Pay tariff in I	Rs/unit	2.5	2	2
Average Tariff Rs	/unit	4	4	4
Avg Tariff for the I	Avg Tariff for the base year Rs/unit		4	4
Tariff indexing Ra	Tariff indexing Ration (TIR)		1	1
Annualized input	rate	1.80	1.80	1.80
Subsidy claimed b	by Franchisee in Rs	12	16	17
MSEDCL	From TPL	6	2	1
revenue	From Govt	12	16	17
Total MSEDCL R	Total MSEDCL Rev		18	18
DF Revenue		9.6	10.48	12.26

### Claimed changes in ABR – FY 2007 –08



### Changes in Avg. Billing Rates



#### Status of various audit requirements as per DFA

Audit/Report title	Through	Frequency	Status
Base year ABR	Independent Auditor	Once	Not Complete
Audit of statement of subsidy claims	Independent Auditor	Quarterly	Even 1 <sup>st</sup> quarter audit is pending
Audit of the billing data including the system and database	MSEDCL/ Independent auditor	Annual	Not initiated
Annual ABR audit	Independent Auditor	Annual	Not initiated

### Confidentiality about metering and billing data

#### Metering and billing data

Transparency "The Distribution Franchisee shall provide consumer-wise information in the format specified by MSEDCL detailing the billing, collection and all related information on a monthly basis every month by a mutually agreed date. Such information shall be **kept confidential** by MSEDCL and shall be used only under conditions of default by Distribution Franchisee under the Distribution Franchisee Agreement"

### Conclusions

- Model has significant potential for
  - Reduction in ATC losses and
  - Improvement in consumer service and safety
- DF effectively gets a clean slate, 1000 cr. arrears writeoff
- **D**F has more operational and administrative freedom
- □ Licensee benefits might be limited as they are subject to:
  - Input rate, decided based on competitive bidding and
  - Cost avoided

### Governance issues

- Role of licensee in this model changes to that of a regulator/monitoring agency of franchisee
- Limitations of licensee's capacity and autonomy to perform such a role
  - Lack of quality baseline data
  - Lacunae in bidding process
  - Weak post franchisee monitoring

### Recommendations

□ Need for regulatory oversight

- To enhance transparency, public oversight and accountability of franchisee
- Approval of Bidding documents
- Review of post-franchisee obligations of licensee
- □ Term of the franchisee should be maximum 10 years
- □ Capital investments after 5 years should be regulated
- □ Need for third party monitoring of:
  - Base line data
  - Metering and billing data

### Overall scenario

- Applicability of the model
  - High loss areas
  - Utility has given up hopes
  - Possibility of cost reduction
- Potential benefits of the model
  - ATC loss reduction
  - Service quality improvement
  - Financial benefits to licensee (hence all consumers)

Subject to

- Quality baseline data
- Rational and transparent bidding process
- Improvements in DFA
- Post-DFA monitoring
  - ABR,Subsidy,Metering and billing data
- Regulatory oversight
  - Bidding process, post franchisee monitoring
- Maximum Franchisee term 10 Yrs.

Thank you!